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Department of Ecology Public Hearing WA Clean Air Rule Olympia WA July 14, 2016

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My name is Bruce Amundson. I'm a family physician, and President of Washington Physicians for Social Responsibility. I speak tonight on behalf of our 800 members statewide, who strongly support the development of the Clean Air Rule to limit the greenhouse gas emissions that contribute to climate change.

We advocate for the strongest possible version of this rule, to help prevent unmitigatable effects of climate change which will produce the worst health crisis of this century.

At its core, climate change is fundamentally about impacting human health. The connection between climate change and health is impossible to ignore. According to the Climate Impacts Group at UW, in the Puget Sound region alone, climate change is already affecting our health through both the direct effects of more intense heat waves and higher flood risk, and the indirect effects of increasing wildfire severity, declining summer water supply, shifting infectious disease dynamics, and declining air quality.

The American Academy of Pediatrics recently released a report confirming that climate change poses major threats to human health, and that children stand to be uniquely vulnerable to these threats, suffering from the physical and psychological sequelae of weather disasters, increased heat stress, greater frequency of asthma due to decreased air quality, and food, water, and nutritional insecurity in vulnerable communities.

Furthermore, the EPA has stated that the higher concentrations of ozone due to climate change may result in thousands of additional ozone-related illnesses and premature deaths per year by 2030 in the US, if no changes are made in our air quality policies.

To be effective in capping carbon emissions in Washington, it is essential that the Clean Air Rule is the strongest rule possible. Therefore, we support rule improvements, including:

- Ensuring that the rule prevents double counting so that the rule is guaranteed to result in new, real reductions in emissions.
- Ensuring that the rule coordinates with the federal Clean Power Plan, so that covered entities adhere to the stricter guidelines of the Clean Air Rule.
- Setting aggressive emission reductions targets, which means an aggregate cap based on the best, current science.

If we are able to create a strong rule that is effective in its ability to regulate carbon emissions, we will be beginning to do our part as a state in mitigating the health effects of climate change. Time is not on our side. The health of residents and future generations demands a bold reduction in greenhouse gas emissions. Thank you for your work to create an effective Clean Air Rule.

Bruce Amundson, MD President, Washington Physicians for Social Responsibility 4500 9th Ave. NE Seattle, WA 98105

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#### **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

NAME CHASTA BALL

ADDRESS 901 & Som PI Denter, NAMEDED

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### COMMENTS (Please use as many sheets as needed)

thi! My name is Christia Bali. I'm hereon behalf of the Asian Caureching & Referal services (ACRS), the Asian buckle Islander (Ummission (APIC)) & Front & Centerell.

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Speech for Ecology's Clean Air Rule hearings.

Dept of Ecology

Good evening. My name is Bourtai Hargrove.

When I look at Ecology's proposed Clean Air Rule, I am dismayed by how feeble it is. In April, cumulative CO2 levels reached 407.42 parts per million, a level not seen on earth since the Miocene Epoch, 10 to 15 million years ago. And CO2 emissions continue to rise with frightening speed. We are on a trajectory to warm 4 to 6 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels by the end of the century. We may already have passed the point where we can hold global warming below 1.5 degrees C and are well on our way to 2 degrees C, the threshold beyond which looms civilization-threatening climate disruption. Climate scientists, like Jim Hansen, warn us that we have a narrow window of time to drastically reduce our use of fossil fuels and halt anthropogenic climate change before dangerous tipping points and feed-back loops take it beyond human control.

At a time when climate scientists are warning us that it is crucial to reduce carbon emissions by at least 8% per year, Ecology proposes a mere 1% reduction. A 1% reduction will do little or nothing to stave off catastrophe. We are in a planetary emergency. Gradualism is no longer possible, compromise is no longer possible. We must forget political considerations. The very least that Ecology can do in its final rule, is set a science-based goal of 8% carbon emission reductions. We have no choice. We <u>must</u> reduce our carbon emissions by 8% per cent a year, or we will condemn our children and grandchildren to a hellish world of unprecedented storms, heat waves, water shortages, crop failures, resource wars, climate refugees and a loosening of the bonds that hold civilization together.

7/14/16

My name is Abby Brockway I am a member of Delta 5. We are still in litigation with Washington State to set legal precedence. Tonight I am also a member of Faith Action Network and Earth Ministry and in support of the work of the eight kids and their parents who set their own legal precedence.

I am requesting that you use best science for the Clean Air Rule. As currently written the reduction of 1.7% does not mitigate the harms but instead sets us on a destructive path as we are already seeing.

Today science requires 8% carbon reduction needed not 1.7%.

Governor Inslee says this current clean air rule is, " a good first step". This is delusional and he knows it he is in a box as most politicians are. We should have started this reduction in 2015 when we could have used the 6% number but again today we need 8%. If we wait to implement until 2020 then science will require an 18% reduction and I believe that is not doable for those industries in Washington State to survive and for our children's future. I understand that Ecology has been under fire from industry. Industry does not like to change. They do not see it profitable to change.

I am a painting contractor in Washington State and own a small company. Ecology implemented a lead abatement plan called Renovation Repair and Painting Program known as RRP. This program caused our entire industry to change all practices, required us to get certified and licensed, required us to buy new certified HEPA vacs. and tools along with other costly equipment, required us to do much more paperwork... yet, we still have a vibrant industry The regulations were done for the health and safety of people and especially our children.

This same vigor needs to be done here. For our children. And that is why we must pay for our discomfort now. We already see the earth raging against us as she protects herself from the unhealthy imbalance of carbon in our atmosphere. She has a fever. As a mother, I cry at this connection. I have nursed my sick daughter back to health many times and that primal need to protect my daughter and her future is real. I want her to be able to live the life a young person should live. I am heartbroken that her generation has such a grim future. In this heartbreak I am doing every possible thing I can think of to inspire change and I surround myself with those that are doing the same. That is why I have not eaten since Monday night. I want to harness the power that our faith community, our parents and grand parents to show the moral side of this struggle. We have a big space in this arena and we are taking it. Not with money and GDP but with **Fierce love**.

As Eleanor Roosevelt once said "You gain strength, courage and confidence by every experience in which you really stop to look fear in the face. You are able to say to yourself, 'I have lived through this horror. I can take the next thing that comes along.' You must do the thing you think you cannot do."

Please: Do the thing you think you cannot do: implement 8% reduction NOW.

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~Abby Brockway 206.484.9857 herpaint@gmail.com

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## **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

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Dept of Ecology

NAME Terence Carroll

ADDRESS 1828 12th Ave SE Olymphy WA 98501

EMAIL Carrollt@evergreen.edv

### COMMENTS (Please use as many sheets as needed)

Due to the inability of our federal government to address	CC_
climate change, the greatest environmental danger that the a	
faces we have a moral imperitive to act as quick	4.
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Dept of Ecology

NAME CHIS CAYSON
ADDRESS 718 N. EQSTSIDE ST
EMAIL OF MPIOLINE 98506

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July 14, 2016, Cheri Cornell, CoolMom comments before the Department of Ecology on Clean Air Rule

- Thank you for your time and leadership.
- My name is Cheri Cornell and I am the Executive Director of CoolMom.org, where we see climate action as a moral imperative.
- You may ask, Why a Mom-led Climate Group?
- It's because there's nothing like motherhood to make global warming move from the esoteric to the painfully real.
- We are not simply worried about some future generation; we are worried about what we are doing to our children **now**.
- So get ready, I'm going to go mom all over you.
- I want to talk to you about Intergenerational Equity.
- This concept means that humans hold the natural environment of the Earth in common BOTH with other members of the present generation AND with other generations, past and future.
- The very existence of the Department of Ecology is based on the idea of intergenerational equity—you hold the natural environment in trust for me, for my children, and for my grandchildren.
- You are here to make sure that we listen to the better angels of our nature! You are not here to merely split the difference between our lesser and better angels when it comes to our CLIMATE.
- Those who insist on going slowly on reducing carbon emissions are engaged in Wholesale Generational Theft! My Department of Ecology should not be complicit in this crime.
- So here's what a mom is going to say to Ecology and the Greenest Governor in the country about Climate Change and the draft Clean Air Rule: that's a decent start, kids, but I know you can and will do much better. A 1% annual reduction in carbon emissions is not enough. I expect you to reduce annual carbon emissions based on the best available science, much closer to 8%.
- Also, I want you to eliminate double-counting loopholes. Let's not legitimize cheating.
- I'm not done yet, Ecology. You are trustees of the natural environment for all generations; and to reach beyond the Clean Air Rule to bring us more tools to fight climate change.
- And, please, Department of Ecology, don't make me or any other mother come back down here and talk to you about this again.

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- Make us proud.

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NAME Phil Cornell

ADDRESS 1502 15TH Ave SW

EMAIL phil Cornell @ yahoo. com

Dept of Ecology

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<u>Dept of Ecology</u>

Statements to be presented at Public Hearing in Olympia July 14, 2016

Statements addressed to: Washington State Department of Ecology P.O. Box 47600 Olympia, WA 98504-7600

SUBJECT: Proposed Rulemaking to Adopt a New Rule (Chapter 173-442 WAC) and Revise Chapter 173-441 WAC

My name is Don Olson, an employee of Cowlitz County. These statements are being made on behalf of Cowlitz County, who is the owner and operator of a regional municipal solid waste landfill, called the Cowlitz County Headquarters Landfill. These statements will be brief, and echo the most important substance of written comments that are being filed separately by the Cowlitz County Board of Commissioners, as well as the Cowlitz County Dept. of Public Works.

Cowlitz County understands the intent of the clean air regulation being proposed by Ecology as a movement towards world-wide stewardship of our planet's biosphere in a responsible manner. That is a normal and reasonable concern for human beings, and it is an appropriate realm for governmental rulemaking. We have concerns, however, that the zealous attempt to enact what appears to be a workable emissions cap-and-trade regulation is being over-reached in the State of Washington by the inclusion of landfills, which we strongly believe are inappropriate for this type of rule.

## We are concerned that Landfills Do Not Fit the Intent of the Proposed Rule.

As described by the EPA:

"Landfills are different than many other traditionally regulated emissions source categories. Typically, entities regulated for air emissions are involved in manufacturing or production and their emissions are directly related to processes involved in creating products (e.g., vehicles, bricks) or commodities (e.g., natural gas, oil). When manufacturing or production facilities cease to operate, their emissions typically cease. Landfills are a service industry—a repository for waste that needs to be properly disposed—and their emissions are a byproduct of the deposition of that waste."

The proposed rule expects facilities to reduce emissions over time, while in fact landfills will have increasing emission rates during their operating life. Thus, the only way that they could attempt to

comply with the proposed rule would be to buy their way out of it by paying a penalty in the form of Emission Reduction Units.

# We are concerned about the unintended consequences of force-fitting landfills into this type of regulation.

Our cost estimate of ERU penalties to the County in the timeframe from 2017 to 2035 is over \$80 million, and continues at an increasing amount after that.

In the economic analysis performed by Ecology for this proposed rule, Ecology believes that the additional costs for a facility to comply with the rule would be as simple as passing the costs on to its existing customers. Unfortunately this simple logic does not apply to the waste-management sector, because waste is a commodity that easily, and commonly, flows across state borders.

Given the complexities of pricing landfill airspace, we have significant concern that the cost increases required to be compliant with the proposed emissions rules would have a very real unintended consequence of pushing our landfill customers across State borders. Thus the economics of our County landfill would be imperiled, and the intent of the GHG initiative with respect to landfills would not only be essentially defeated, but worsened by the extra transportation of waste out of State.

#### We Have Suggested Alternatives for the Control of GHG Emissions from Landfills.

Landfills have been a significant "positive" to the social stewardship of the environment, and are way ahead of any other industrial sector with regard to historical control of their GHG emissions. Their success is attributed largely to prescriptive-based regulations imposed at the Federal and State levels to protect groundwater and air resources.

We are supportive of State-incentivized waste diversion requirements for reuse and recycling. We are partnered through a franchise with our local private waste collection company that implements these types of programs.

The efforts of following best-management operational practices prescribed for landfill gas collection and treatment, combined with State-incentivized waste diversion, are appropriate means of approaching long-term GHG emission controls for waste facilities, as demonstrated by the track record of past efforts. We are very concerned that including landfills in a cap-and-trade type of emissions program will be non-productive and disruptive not only in the goal towards reducing GHG emissions, but on the whole front of promoting proper management of waste residuals in the State of Washington.

Very truly yours,

**COWLITZ COUNTY** 

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NAME L; x) Crostler ADDRESS-846 452 Hop 52 Ohmpia EMAIL Crostler 1@ Lotwil. com	Dept of Ecology
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Dept of Ecology

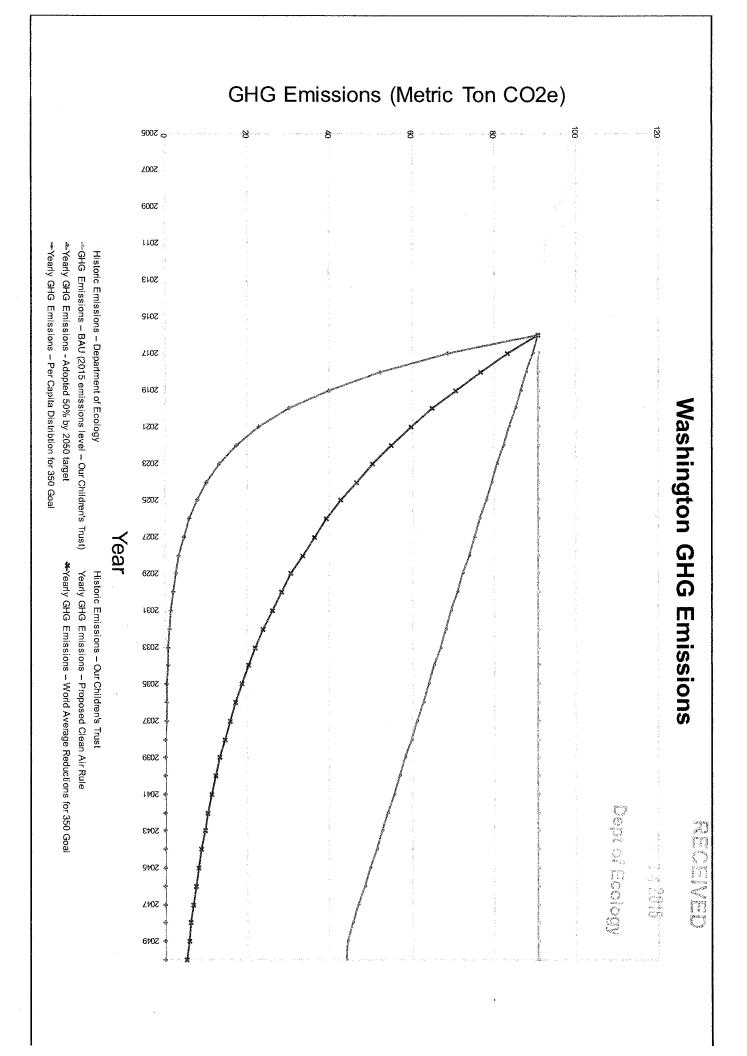
NAME PEGGI Erickson

ADDRESS 15295 Harry RD NE, Bambridge Is. WA 98110

EMAIL peggi. erickson & comeast, net

COMMENTS (Please use as many sheets as needed)
Please do not tell us that there are "legal realities" that
force us to compramise the future lives of our children
and their children. We must decrease fossil fuel emissions
790 per year according to science. We must do much better
than the current Clean Air Act proposes. Please revise
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July 17, 2016

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Dept of Ecology

Dear Governor Inslee,

My name is Jared Howe and I am one of the parents undergoing a fast in the three days leading up to the public meeting on the Department of Ecology's public meeting on their revised Clean Air Rule.

As you know, the re-drafted Rule specifies carbon emission reductions of 1.7% per year. That is insufficient. Current science indicates that reductions of 8% per year are needed to ensure a livable planet for our children.

In addition, the Rule only covers two-thirds of the state's carbon emissions. This is insufficient to achieve the reductions needed to protect current and future generations.

In short, the revised Clean Air Rule utterly fails to protect our children from the ravages of catastrophic climate change that are certain to happen if we do not follow the carbon reductions that climate scientists are telling us is needed to avoid widespread and devastating changes to our climate.

As you have said, "We are the first generation to feel the sting of climate change, and we are the last generation that can do something about it." If you really believe this, then please do the right thing for our children and direct the Department of Ecology to take the strong actions that are needed while we still have a chance to avert catastrophe.

The Department of Ecology has been given an order by King County Superior Court Judge Hollis Hill to follow climate science, and make a Rule that could ensure clean air and a livable climate for the children. As she wrote, "These children cannot wait."

The path to climate stability is becoming more challenging by the day. This is why we in Washington state must stand up to do our fair share for our world and our children. It is clear that the state legislature is not stepping up to leadership on climate—it is not taking action to ensure that young Washingtonians, and the generations to come, have a stable climate. It's up to you in the Department of Ecology-- please act boldly to create stronger reduction targets, based on the science.

Sincerely,

Jared Howe

4107 MLK Jr Way S

Seattle, WA 98108

jaredchowe@gmail.com

# Testimony before the Washington State Department of Ecology on its Proposed Clean Air Rule, Olympia Public Hearing Jessica Koski, Sierra Club July 14, 2016

JUL 142016

Dept of Ecology

My name is Jessica Koski, and I am an organizer on the Sierra Club's Beyond Coal Campaign. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

The Sierra Club applauds Governor Inslee and the Department of Ecology for acting on climate change, particularly given that our state legislature has failed to do its fundamental duty to protect Washington residents.

The proposed Clean Air Rule has the potential to be critically important tool for reducing Washington's emissions from natural gas plants and from preventing the utilities from investing in new natural gas infrastructure, which both Puget Sound Energy and Avista are already planning on.

Unfortunately, the current draft of the rule forsakes this opportunity by allowing utilities to comply with the federal Clean Power Plan, if it is enacted. Yes, it is true that this exemption only applies if the state implementation plan is "greater" than the current federal targets. But the federal targets are so abysmal that this vague guarantee is effectively meaningless.

The federal Clean Power Plan does, at best, do nothing for Washington. It could in fact lead to more pollution. Washington's federal standard is so low that it would result in federal carbon credits or headroom for compliance. Washington's natural gas plants then get to increase their emissions as coal plants throughout region retire.

Do we really want to make a rule that would likely raise emissions the benchmark for climate action in Washington?

With this in mind, we call on the Department to ensure that the final Clean Air Rule only exempt utilities for complying with the state's implementation of the Clean Power Plan if its targets exceed those in Ecology's rule. Also, the current target of 1.7% annual reductions is grossly inadequate. We can do better. We must do better. We need ambitious goals based on the best available science.

JUL 142016

Dept of Ecology

NAME Oldsandr Kurura

ADDRESS 53 White Prue dr. Schaunding: 11 60193

EMAIL Oleksandr. d. Kurure. ug@ dortmouth. edu

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feet or climate action. 1.7% reductions aren't enough to make a stable climate. Not to mention the poor example such lax action gives to offer states. Woshington is the most environmentally advanced 3tote. The kelnologi is here. The go people's support is here. So why does "the people's government" this democracy shortlund people? support is here, when all the resources one there, when consurative action? Now is the time for risk, Naw Stording on the edge of geopolitical conflict, weter scorcity, mass and mass extraction, including our own. Be brove, evology. Be brove. Be brove. Feel the threats of litigation. Say no to industrial pressure. Go for broke, be brove. We stood to lose weighing and gan survival. Ether we act now, or we act low, when it's too lote. Or we don't oct at all. The it's already too lete. Which will it be? You hold the key. Power is in your hords and you stool in the most noble position if your. Be brown. I want people, my fellow humans, to breekle cleer air. To derive great pleasure han beautiful nature: To restore Our hers ad souls in the face of technology's to good. To jeach kids about frue bands. To inspire, wow, and impave. Please be brove. Am high. Let higher goods. Lead by exouple. By brove example. For all our soke.

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#### **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

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NAME Robert marsh

ADDRESS 33626 NE 52nd way Carnation WA 48014 EMAIL MASSING TOBSING & Photonal, Com

Dept of Ecology

COMMENTS (Please use as many sheets as needed)  A greater unnual reduction is needed than 1,7%
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the Department of Ecology has on the record is necessary for WA to do 4's
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I believe any rule should be consistent with global climate goals.
I believe that basing curbon reductions on the 2008 statute is neglectly
the current schentific literature.
I would like to see the clean Air rule demonstrate how ambitions it
13 relative to what is the Statutory l'init of emissions reductions.

JUL 142016

NAME Ellen McKinley

ADDRESS P.O. Box 769, East Olympia WA 98540

EMAIL ellen daving yahoo.com

testify, but I don't think I could get rough it without choking up. As a preschool teacher (formerly a practicing a Horney); I have constructy to conside my students' tweens as my 18-year-old doughters an profoundly perplayed about governments tailore to recognize and adequately address Climate change. For decades the schoole cleare we need to take significent action to prevent outastrophic consequences. We are already neading Hipping points that are documentic and belyable interestables melting glades State must preserve the atmosphere for firther reduction must be u annual than the current rule provides best available are reported Centare regulations awining transa Alli can do this! We must do this! For the good of the planet and our species, and the other beings we share it with

# How will melting glaciers impact hydropower generation? Has this been factored in?

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Dept of Ecology Fess L Morgan ADDRESS 4701 SW. ALMINAD Way #71, Seathle, WA-98116-254c tess morgan limitless@gnall.com COMMENTS (Please use as many sheets as needed)
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Dept of Ecology

NAME

Bill Phipps

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**EMAIL** 

behop bill @ jahoo, com

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much faster than anyone expected,
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together, her's do it for the kids.
Lets do it for this beautiful little
planet we call home,
Thank you for listening,
We gre counting on you to act, how,
If we need on 8% reduction in emissions
then we should go for 16% reduction,

# JUL 142016

## **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

Dept of Ecology

NAME BRIGH REINDEL
ADDRESS 310 S. 1744 PL #J BURIEN, WA 98148
EMAIL Brian. reindel Qgmail.com

As a resident of SEATAC/BURIEN / URGE YOU TO extend the
authority of this ruling rule as far as possible into the
transportation and aerospace industries, coloring concerns raised
by those already here tought about the seventy and immediacy
of the climate change thusat. The SEA-TAC region's resident's
constitute a "front-line" community disproportionately offected by
local emissions generated by air transportation.

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### **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

JUL 142016

Dept of Ecology

NAME Ryan Rittenhouse ADDRESS Parthand, OR EMAIL syan & gorge friends. org

Please make your rules as strong as possible and continue
to improve them into the future, we are already for
behind what we need to do in terms of carbon pollution
reduction as both a country and a planet. Washington
newly to be a leader in transitioning away from a carbon,
forsil-fuel bused economy for the sake of environmental
and social justice issues. We must compensate for the
irresposible factures of the post and others who refuse
to take meaningful action on this issue.
·

JUL 142016

**Dept of Ecology** 

NAME Nancy Shimeall ADDRESS 6634 15949 Ave NE

Redmond 98052

EMAIL nshimeall@gmail.com

COMMENTS (Please use as many sheets as needed)

I spent 3 days on the capital steps in a vigil

that feels very personal, but also very universal.

I'm sure you, the Dept. of Ecology, love this planet too—and you want to do the morally righteous thing in the clean air rule. So thank you.

We can't deny the facts, especially in the face of declining salmon, the acidification, warming, and pollution of our Puget Sound: the extreme record-setting heat, devastating wildfires, and floodings expected meeting glaciers and early snowmett. So the facts are revealed by how our carth is reacting:

[Ne humans have altered the chemistry of our world.]

And while I warry and grieve about our present and future generations (I am a mother and a teacher) I also feel great sadness for what we humans are doing to other things in our world. All the things we are changing, and living things cannot adapt and evolve fast change to survive

as they exist today,	
We may be foo late.	
Some scientists believe we are.	
The state of the s	•
But this clean our rule is a chance! We	
must make it strong, so that we all have a	
Chance to stabilize the oncoming dimate crisis.	
We must push past deniers and set 8% COZE as or We must not allow sear of political Issues or lawsurks from big polluters, to stop us from doing	waal.
We must not allow year of political Issues or	0
lawsuits from long pollwiers, to stop us from down	P
what is morally righteous.	,
Even setting 8% as our goal in 2017 15 not a	
gravantee that we will slow down climate change	
But if big polluters don't change, we have no	7
Nope.	
ł	
Change is hard find we all have to change in	
small and large ways, to stabilize our climate,	
	<b>\</b>
Please Please set a Stronger COZE emissions	7
target, starting in 2017, = 8% or more	
We the people will support you. We promise.	
Hogal May	-
Thank you.	

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#### **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

Dept of Ecology

NAME Lawren M. Tozzi ADDRESS 4648 Sunyside Ave N. Seattle 98103 EMAIL teacher lawren 350 agrazil.com

In a landmark decision-Judge Hill declared " the youths very survival depends upon the will of there elders to ACT NOW- decisively and unequivocally, to stem the tide of flood warning
declared " the youth's very survival depends
upon the will of their elders to
ACT NOW - decisively and unequivocally,
to stem the tide of Alabal warning
BEFORE doing so becomes first too costly
BEFORE doing so becomes first too costly
The State has Do Come Antional
obligation to protect the protects interest
in instural resources held in trust for
the common people beneft of
THE PROPLES
to a city of the
We Dwe the children (ow future).
A COLUMN OF RACEN DIST.
A SCIENCE-BASED RULE!
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
to H Climate Recovery
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#### **PUBLIC COMMENT SHEET**

Dept of Ecology

NAME MARY WATT ADDRESS 1404 SUMMYVALE CT NW, Olympia 98502 EMAIL MARYPHOEMX @ GMAIL. COM

We need bold action now to avoid climate
change disaster. The proposed rule does not
go far enough to quest climate change/
global warming. We need to reduce
labor emissions by at least 8% per
year Large pollutors are responsible
For about 3/3 of carbon emissions in
Washington state! The ecology clean
Air, I Rule calls for an effective
reduction rate of 1.7% per year for
carbon emissions.
Recently we have heard that the devastating
effects of climate change are going to
be worse than has been projected
Our planet is in peril and hamanskind
is in peril. I am very concerned
for the planet for future generations
even though I do not have children.

leader in reducing carbon emissions. I'm
proud of the state I was born in
Washington state.
<u> </u>
At this crisis in global warming we still
have time to act to I reduce carbonemissions,
We do not have time to put the interest
of business profits ahead of reducing canbon
Demissions and saving our air, water, land,
flora, tauna, and people.
· like med standard !- i ail- !
We need a stronger clean air rule to
reduce carbon emissions from large
polluters by at least 8% per year in Washington.
Washington.
,
•
•

JUL 142016

Dept of Ecology

NAME Mikala Woodward

ADDRESS 4550 S. Lucile St.

EMAIL Seattle WA 98118

jojoma 3 @ aol. com

	I'm here because I have 2 dildren, Josie and Simon,
	Whom I love as 1 often fell them, more than I ever
	thought it was possible to lone anyone.
	they grew inside my body. I nursed them. I usped
	their butts; I held them when they cried; I scraped
	their spilled pasta off the frook; I drive them to soccer
	and rollerderby practice.
	And I spend a lot of time fending off my fear and
	despaire about the world I am sending them out into,
-	the future they face.
·	Sometimes I'm able to distract myself from this dread.
•	Other times I am overwhelmed by grief and sorrow. TAHER
Mario	e I have stonly come to understand that what lies
	beneath that grief is actually love, the love !
	feel for Josse and Elmon, for their Friends and
_	consins, for the species and places we are losing to
_	dinate change.
_	I believe that if we could bring ourselves to put aside
	our graphs and numbers and face that go'e f head on,
_	if we let ourselves really feel what is at stake
_	here, then the lone that indulies that grief would
	overwhelm us, change us, and propel us into action.

We would have a clean Ark Rule based on
science, yes, but also based on love.
As any parent knows, love does whatene it takes
more than we ever morght we possibly sould,
to make sure om tedo are safe, that they have
what they need to survive and thrine.
I am here to ask for that rule.
·

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1102 A Creekwood Ct. SE Olympia, WA 98501-8307 (360) 570-0848 zeiglerbob@msu.com July 8, 2016

Mr. Sam Wilson
Department of Ecology
P.O. Box 47600
Olympia, WA 98504-7600
ACComments@ecy.wa.gov

RE: Public Hearing: Clean Air Rule

Dear Mr. Wilson,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on your proposed Clean Air Rule for Washington State. I am a retired biologist and for more than 3 decades at Department of Fish and Wildlife, I worked with Ecology on Rule and Guidance documents mostly in wetlands and aquatic issues and on interagency committees. I know the hostile political environment and constraints the Department of Ecology works under to secure funding for programs in the agency. I know this has led Directors at Department of Ecology to tell staff their client is not the environment but rather those industries they were regulating and Ecology would develop stakeholder committees to reach compromises.

I also realize that Rules flow from Legislation and the Legislation that Ecology has to work with was from 2008-RCW 70.235.000 which states: Findings—Intent.

- (3) It is the intent of the legislature that the state will: (a) Limit and reduce emissions of greenhouse gas consistent with the emission reductions established in RCW 70.235.020; (b) minimize the potential to export pollution, jobs, and economic opportunities; and (c) reduce emissions at the lowest cost to Washington's economy, consumers, and businesses.
  - By 2020 reduce all GHG emissions in State to below 1990 levels.
  - By 2035 reduce GHG emissions to 25% below 1990 levels.
  - By 2050 reduce GHG emissions to 50% below 1990 levels.

One thing that is important to realize is we are at a new era in 2016. We have much greater information on the severe dangers of continuing greenhouse gas emissions and climate change impacts occurring faster than anticipated. We live in a post Paris Climate Agreement world that started nations to move to reduce impacts. Our science tells us we must be more aggressive in reducing greenhouse gas emissions or may reach a point where it is too late to act. Leading US Climate Scientist James Hansen states we need to reduce our greenhouse gas emissions 8% each

year if we start right now. The amount we need to reduce goes up each year we fail to act. Note: delay increases the cost of climate stabilization to all citizens and industries in Washington State. While it is positive that Ecology is proposing to reduce emissions to 1.7% per year that is 21% of what Dr. Hansen's studies show is needed to stabilize climate to prevent climate catastrophes.

We are in a situation on air and emissions similar to what people in Flint, Michigan are experiencing in drinking water. When at a level of survival, a 25% reduction in lead in the case of Flint's waters or in Greenhouse Gas Emissions in the case of our air is definitely inadequate. Twenty-five percent or even fifty percent of survival level does not get you to survival.

Science shows there would be significant impacts to all aspects of human health, lives and all elements to the environment from Greenhouse Gas Emissions. When Ecology rule falls so short of GHG emission limits that science shows are needed, how can the Department claim: "Ecology does not have any information that would suggest there will be significant adverse environmental impacts as a result of the proposed rule." It seems that any rule with inadequate limitations to prevent significant impacts would require a Determination of Significance, and EIS.

All government bodies including Washington Department of Ecology have responsibilities for public health, safety and welfare.

I strongly recommend that Ecology incorporate Dr. Hansen's science into any GHG rule that would not have a significant impact on the environment (and avoid need of an Environmental Impact statement) and provide for Washington State citizens' public health, safety and welfare.

Thank you very much,

Bob Zeigler Bob Zeigler

Attachment 1

Leading US Climate Scientist James Hansen on Ecology's Clear Air Rule

"Emission reductions of only 1.7 percent per year are not much different than business as usual," Dr. James Hansen. Director of the Climate Science, Awareness and Solutions program at Columbia University, said. "They would leave young people with an intolerable burden to somehow suck enormous quantities of CO2 from the air if they are to avoid a climate system

running out of control. The state should live up its obligations to young people, reducing emissions 8 percent per year, which is what the science indicates is needed to stabilize climate."

#### Hansen Science Summary

- The critical goal is to bring down the level of carbon dioxide, the major greenhouse gas, to 350 parts per million by 2100. 350ppm is where planetary energy balance is restored

   The planet is no longer taking in more solar energy than it is sending back to space. (The level has now reached 400 ppm, spiking recently over 407ppm, and in fact grew at a record pace in 2015.) Staying above 350ppm much longer than 2100 risks radical climate feedbacks.
- Achieving 350ppm x 2100 requires immediate and large carbon pollution reductions. If the world had started in 2013, an annual rate of 6% would have been needed. If we wait until 2020, the figure grows to 15%. In 2016, the figure is probably around 10%. Besides pollution reductions, 100 billion tonnes of carbon must be soaked from the atmosphere into plants and soil.
- The threshold for dangerous climate warming is sometimes given as 2° Celsius, or the more ambitious 1.5° C limit set at the recent Paris climate summit. The 350ppm pathway would hold total warming to the peak seen since the last ice age, just a little over 1°C, with a temporary spike this century around 1.2°C. Hansen asserts we should aim at the lower temperature target to reduce the odds for dangerous feedbacks. Warming of recent months puts us in this range, underscoring the urgent necessity for rapid carbon reductions.

#### For complete Science Study see:

http://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0021648